

Amendments to the Claims

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Original) A method for operating a cardiac pacemaker, comprising:
sensing atrial depolarizations through an atrial sensing channel and generating atrial sense signals in accordance therewith;
sensing ventricular depolarizations through one or more ventricular sensing channels and generating ventricular sense signals in accordance therewith;
pacing a ventricle in accordance with a particular primary pacing mode; and,
switching the pacemaker to an atrial fibrillation pacing mode upon detection of an atrial tachyarrhythmia, wherein the atrial fibrillation mode includes ventricular resynchronization pacing.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the pacemaker is normally operated in a primary pacing mode that includes atrial-triggered ventricular pacing, and wherein switching to an atrial fibrillation mode includes reverting to a non-atrial triggered ventricular pacing mode.

3. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the atrial fibrillation mode includes ventricular rate regularization.

4. (Original) The method of claim 3 wherein the ventricular resynchronization pacing is delivered in a biventricular inhibited demand mode with a selected biventricular offset interval.

5. (Original) The method of claim 3 wherein the resynchronization pacing is delivered in a biventricular triggered mode, where a sense in one ventricle triggers a pace to the other ventricle.

6. (Original) The method of claim 3 wherein the resynchronization pacing is delivered in a left ventricle-only pacing mode.

7
7. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the ventricular resynchronization pacing in the primary pacing mode is different from the ventricular resynchronization pacing in the atrial fibrillation mode.

8
8. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the primary pacing mode that is switched from upon detection of an atrial tachyarrhythmia includes biventricular inhibited demand pacing and further wherein switching to the atrial fibrillation mode includes adjusting a biventricular offset interval.

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9. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the primary pacing mode that is switched from upon detection of an atrial tachyarrhythmia includes LV-only pacing and further wherein the atrial fibrillation mode includes biventricular inhibited demand pacing.

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10. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the primary pacing mode that is switched from upon detection of an atrial tachyarrhythmia includes biventricular triggered pacing and further wherein the atrial fibrillation mode includes biventricular inhibited demand pacing.

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11. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the primary pacing mode that is switched from upon detection of an atrial tachyarrhythmia includes rate-adaptive pacing and further wherein the atrial fibrillation mode includes an adjustment to a rate-adaptive parameter.

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12. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the primary pacing mode that is switched from upon detection of an atrial tachyarrhythmia is non-rate-adaptive and the atrial fibrillation mode is rate-adaptive.

13
13. (Currently Amended) A method for operating a cardiac pacemaker, comprising:
sensing atrial depolarizations through an atrial sensing channel and generating atrial sense signals in accordance therewith;

sensing ventricular depolarizations through one or more ventricular sensing channels and generating ventricular sense signals in accordance therewith;

pacing a ventricle in accordance with a particular ~~bradycardia~~ primary pacing mode; and, switching the pacemaker to an atrial fibrillation pacing mode upon detection of an atrial tachyarrhythmia, wherein the atrial fibrillation mode includes ventricular resynchronization pacing.

14. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the pacemaker is normally operated in a primary pacing mode that includes atrial-triggered ventricular pacing, and wherein switching to an atrial fibrillation mode includes reverting to a non-atrial triggered ventricular pacing mode.

15. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the atrial fibrillation mode further includes ventricular rate regularization pacing.

16. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the ventricular resynchronization pacing is delivered in a left ventricle-only pacing mode.

17. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the primary pacing mode includes ventricular resynchronization pacing.

18. (Original) The method of claim 17 wherein the ventricular resynchronization pacing in the primary pacing mode is different from the ventricular resynchronization pacing in the atrial fibrillation mode.

19. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the ventricular resynchronization pacing is delivered in a biventricular inhibited demand mode with a selected biventricular offset interval.

20. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the ventricular resynchronization pacing is delivered in a biventricular triggered mode, where a sense in one ventricle triggers a pace to the other ventricle.

21. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the primary pacing mode that is switched from upon detection of an atrial tachyarrhythmia includes biventricular inhibited demand pacing and further wherein switching to the atrial fibrillation mode includes adjusting a biventricular offset interval.

22. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the primary pacing mode that is switched from upon detection of an atrial tachyarrhythmia includes LV-only pacing and further wherein the atrial fibrillation mode includes biventricular inhibited demand pacing.

23. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the primary pacing mode that is switched from upon detection of an atrial tachyarrhythmia includes biventricular triggered pacing and further wherein the atrial fibrillation mode includes biventricular inhibited demand pacing.

24. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the primary pacing mode that is switched from upon detection of an atrial tachyarrhythmia includes rate-adaptive pacing and further wherein the atrial fibrillation mode includes an adjustment to a rate-adaptive parameter.

25. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the primary pacing mode that is switched from upon detection of an atrial tachyarrhythmia is non-rate-adaptive and the atrial fibrillation mode is rate-adaptive.

26. (Currently Amended) A cardiac pacemaker, comprising:
an atrial sensing channel for sensing atrial depolarizations and generating atrial sense signals in accordance therewith;
right and left ventricular sensing channels for sensing right and left ventricular depolarizations and generating ventricular sense signals in accordance therewith;
right and left pacing channels for delivering paces to the right and left ventricles;
a controller for controlling the delivery of paces in accordance with a primary pacing mode; and,

wherein the controller is configured to switch the pacemaker to an atrial fibrillation pacing mode upon detection of an atrial tachyarrhythmia, wherein the atrial fibrillation pacing mode includes a ventricular rate regularization pacing mode and a ventricular resynchronization pacing mode.

27. (Canceled)

28. (Original) A cardiac pacemaker, comprising:

an atrial sensing channel for sensing atrial depolarizations and generating atrial sense signals in accordance therewith;

right and left ventricular sensing channels for sensing right and left ventricular depolarizations and generating ventricular sense signals in accordance therewith;

right and left pacing channels for delivering paces to the right and left ventricles;

a controller for controlling the delivery of paces in accordance with a primary pacing mode; and,

wherein the controller is configured to switch the pacemaker to an atrial fibrillation pacing mode upon detection of an atrial tachyarrhythmia, wherein the atrial fibrillation pacing mode includes a ventricular resynchronization pacing mode.

29. (Original) The pacemaker of claim 28 wherein the primary pacing mode includes a ventricular resynchronization pacing mode different from that included in the atrial fibrillation pacing mode.